

DATE – 3/25/10

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

COUNTRY – CANADA

APPROVED NAME – Canada

Light Brown Apple Moth Host Material: If originating from a non-quarantine county, the shipper must provide a Certificate of Origin only in order to export material to Canada that is regulated for light brown apple moth (LBAM). This certificate is to be filled out completely *by the grower* and does not require an ACO's signature.

Effective November 17, 2009 a new certificate is required. A sample of this certificate can be found at: <http://www.kernag.com/caap/forms/kern-certificate-of-origin-canada.pdf>

NOTE: Any shipment accompanied by a Certificate of Origin that is not completed correctly will be refused entry into Canada.

For more information about the Certificate of Origin, please refer to the Canadian Food Inspection Agency's policy directive D-07-03: Plant Protection (Phytosanitary) Import Requirements to Prevent the Entry of *Epiphyas postvittana* (Walker) (light brown apple moth), available at: <http://www.inspection.gc.ca/english/plaveq/protect/dir/d-07-03e.shtml>

Host fruit and vegetable list:

Acca sellowiana (=Feijoa
sellowiana) (horn of plenty)

Actinidia deliciosa (kiwifruit)

Asparagus occifinalis (asparagus)

Brassica oleracea (wild cabbage, collards,
Chinese kale, broccoli, cauliflower, head
cabbage and brussels sprouts)

Capsicum annum (bell pepper)

Cydonia spp. (quince)

Daucus spp. (carrots with tops only)

Diospyros kaki (persimmon)

Dodonaea spp. (hop bush)

Eriobotrya spp. (loquat)

Fragaria spp. (strawberry)

Litchi chinensis (lichee)

Malus spp. (apple)

Mangifera spp. (mangos)

Mentha spp. (mint, fresh herbs)

Persea americana (avocado)

Petroselinum spp. (parsley, fresh herbs)

Prunus armeniaca (apricot)

Prunus persica (peach, nectarine)

Punus spp. (not including almonds)

Pyrus spp. (pears)

Raphanus spp. (radishes)

Ribes spp. (currant)

Vaccinium spp. (blueberry)

Vitis vinifera (grape)

The Nursery stock list is even more extensive and refers to plants for planting **with leaves**. Seeds, bulbs, tubers, plants without leaves and dormant plants are not included in the list.

Shipments of host material coming from the following regulated counties: **Alameda, Contra Costa, Los Angeles, Marin, Monterey, Napa, San Benito, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Solano, Sonoma, and Yolo** require a Phytosanitary certificate to ship.

The required AD is: "This consignment complies with the Canadian requirements for light brown apple moth (*Epiphyas postvittana*) as outlined in Directive D-07-03."

If the shipment does NOT originate from one of these counties, a phyto may be issued but no AD is allowed.

DATE – 2/27/02

COUNTRY – CANADA

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

APPROVED NAME – Canada

COMMODITY – Almonds, Pistachios

BOTANICAL NAME – *Prunus dulcis*, *P.amygdalus*, *P.communis*, *Pistachia vera*

PRODUCT FORM – Nuts (unprocessed shelled or
in-shell in bulk containers)

PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT – No

RESTRICTIONS – Unrestricted

SUMMARY INFO –

Nuts for consumption are unrestricted. These items may enter Canada without Phyto certificates. The invoice must show that the nuts are for consumption.

You may issue a Federal Phytosanitary certificate upon request.

Origin of product must be clearly identified on the shipping documents.

These products must be free from harmful plant pests and soil and are subject to inspection upon arrival.

Reminder: As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at least list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border.

SUBSIDIARY INFO -

Phyto certificates must be issued within **14** days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures.

COUNTRY – CANADA

DATE – 6/01/2011

APPROVED NAME – Canada

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

COMMODITY – Apples

BOTANICAL NAME – *Malus spp.*

PRODUCT FORM – Fruit

PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT – No

RESTRICTIONS – Unrestricted
(To all areas except British Columbia)
Restricted (to British Columbia)

SUMMARY INFO –

TO ALL AREAS EXCEPT BRITISH COLUMBIA –

-Apples are unrestricted to all areas of Canada, except British Columbia. You may issue a Federal Phytosanitary certificate upon request.

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA –

-Federal Phytosanitary certificate required. Fruit must be free of *Rhagoletis pomonella* (Apple maggot) and Light Brown Apple Moth. Fruit must be packed in new containers. The county of origin must be indicated on the phyto.

Appendix 8 – Counties which Canada lists as being **non-infested** with apple maggot: Contra Costa, El Dorado, Fresno, Imperial, Kern, Kings, Lake, Los Angeles, Madera, Marin, Merced, Monterey, Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Stanislaus, Tulare, and Ventura.

Apples from non-infested counties of California (listed above) may be certified with the following AD:

AD Required:

“Fruit was grown in a county which has been surveyed annually in a manner which clearly establishes that apple maggot does not occur and in addition this fruit was harvested a minimum of one mile from any neighboring county infestations.”

Reminder: As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at least list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border.

SUBSIDIARY INFO -

Phyto certificates must be issued within **14** days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures.

DATE – 5/20/11

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

COUNTRY – CANADA

APPROVED NAME – Canada

COMMODITY – Apricots, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums

BOTANICAL NAME – *Prunus spp.*

PRODUCT FORM – Fruit

PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT – No

RESTRICTIONS – Unrestricted
(All areas except British Columbia)
Restricted (to British Columbia)

SUMMARY INFO –

NOTE TO EXPORTERS: Although it is not required, it is recommended that exporters include the statement: "**The fruit in this shipment *Does not* originate from an area regulated for *Lobesia botrana*, European Grapevine Moth**" on their shipping documents or Certificate of Origin, to facilitate the shipments (DO NOT add on the phyto as an AD).

TO ALL AREAS EXCEPT BRITISH COLUMBIA – Apricots, Nectarines, Peaches, & Plums are unrestricted products. You may issue a Federal Phytosanitary Certificate upon request. This fruit is subject to periodic inspections.

TO BRITISH COLUMBIA – For fruit grown in the Oriental Fruit Moth Systems Approach Certification program: Apricots, Nectarines, Peaches, & Plums – Federal Phytosanitary certificate and compliance agreement on file with the county of origin is required. Systems Approach trapping records, field & spray records, degree day records, & cull cutting records, must be checked by the ACO prior to phyto inspection. Fruit must be free from *Grapholita molesta* (Oriental fruit moth). Inspection of fruit must be 1% of boxes in lot, cutting a minimum of 2 fruit/ box. From the cull line, the technical employees shall cut and examine for *Cydia molesta* at least 300 fruit per day from each orchard lot intended for shipment to British Columbia under the systems approach. All cartons must be stamped with the grower lot number. Fruit must be inspected and found free from Light Brown Apple Moth.

AD Required:

“The fruit in this shipment was produced under the systems approach based Oriental Fruit Moth Certification Program.”

FRUIT NOT GROWN IN THE ORIENTAL FRUIT MOTH CERTIFICATION PROGRAM MUST BE FUMIGATED WITH METHYL BROMIDE AT THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE, and **no AD is required.

<u>Degrees C</u>	<u>Bromide g/m3</u>	<u>Hours</u>
5 –10	64	2
11 -15	48	2
16 – 20	40	2
21 – 26	32	2
27 – 31	24	2

Fumigation below 5 degrees is not acceptable.

SUBSIDIARY INFO - Reminder: As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at least list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border.

Phyto certificates must be issued within **14** days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures. Origin of commodity must be shown on the shipping documents.

DATE – 4/21/2011

COUNTRY – CANADA

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

APPROVED NAME – Canada

COMMODITY – Carrots, Citrus, Grapes, Pears, Bell Peppers, and all hosts of LBAM not otherwise listed

BOTANICAL NAME – Various (See list of Botanical Names)

PRODUCT FORM – Fruit & Vegetables

PHYTO FORM – QC

IMPORT PERMIT – No

RESTRICTIONS – Unrestricted
(All areas except British Columbia)
Restricted (to British Columbia)

SUMMARY INFO –

To all areas EXCEPT British Columbia: Grapes, Oranges, Pears, Commercially packed carrots (carrots without tops), etc. are unrestricted products. You may issue a Federal Phytosanitary Certificate upon request. Origin of the commodity must be clearly shown on the shipping documents. Grape shipments are subject to audit inspections upon arrival.

To British Columbia:

Carrots with Tops

From Hawaii and California counties: Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Monterey, Napa, San Benito, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, San Francisco, San Mateo, Solano, and Sonoma a Phytosanitary Certificate is required

AD Required:

“This consignment complies with the Canadian requirements for light brown apple moth (*Epiphyas postvittana*) as outlined in Directive D-07-03.”

From all other Counties: Certificate of origin is required, stating that: “The commodity was produced in a county of California where LBAM does not occur.”

Grapes

Grapes produced and packed in Kern County require a Certificate of Origin indicating that “The commodity was produced in a county of California where LBAM does not occur.”

NOTE TO ACO: Inform exporter if a shipment includes commodities from several counties, each county must be listed on a separate certificate. If grapes are not produced or packed in Kern county call the office for phyto AD.

SUBSIDIARY INFO – Reminder: As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at least list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border.

Phyto certificates must be issued within 14 days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures.

COUNTRY – CANADA

DATE – 7/16/10

APPROVED NAME – Canada

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

COMMODITY – Cherries

BOTANICAL NAME – *Prunus spp.* – see below

PRODUCT FORM – Fruit

PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT – No

RESTRICTIONS – Unrestricted
(Except UT & WI and All areas except British Columbia)
Restricted (to British Columbia)
Prohibited (if from UT & WI)

SUMMARY INFO –

- Prunus avium (sweet cherry, mazzard cherry)
- P. cerasus (sour cherry)
- P. laurocerasus (laurel cherry)
- P. virginiana (choke cherry)

To all areas EXCEPT British Columbia: Cherries are unrestricted products from all states (except UT & WI). You may issue a Federal Phyto upon request.

-Fruit from the sates of UT & WI is Prohibited entry into British Columbia. Import permit and state or federal phyto required. **DO NOT CERTIFY UNLESS AN IMPORT PERMIT IS PRESENTED.**

Shipments to British Columbia: Certificate of Origin is required (not a Phytosanitary Certificate). Shipments must be free of LBAM.

EGVM NOTE TO EXPORTERS: Although it is not required, it is recommended that exporters include the statement: "**The fruit in this shipment *does not* originate from an area regulated for *Lobesia botrana*, European Grapevine Moth**" on their shipping documents or Certificate of Origin, to facilitate the shipments.

SUBSIDIARY INFO - Reminder: As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at least list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border. Phyto certificates must be issued within 14 days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures.

DATE -3/25/10

COUNTRY – CANADA

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

APPROVED NAME – Canada

COMMODITY – Citrus (seed, plants, and parts)

BOTANICAL NAME – *Citrus spp.*

PRODUCT FORM – Seeds, Plants, and Plant Parts

PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT – No

RESTRICTIONS – Restricted

SUMMARY INFO –

SEEDS –Federal Phytosanitary Certificate Required.

PLANTS (INCLUDING BARE ROOT, REDI-PACKS, PLANTS IN SOIL) –

Federal Phytosanitary Certificate required. The origin of plants must be clearly established on the shipping documents and the Phytosanitary Certificate must indicate origin as Kern County, etc., California.

AD Required:

“The plants in this consignment were inspected and found to be free of European brown garden snail (*Helix aspersa* / *Cornu aspersum*).”

SOIL AND PLANTS WITH SOIL** – Must be free from *Meloidogyne chitwoodi* (Columbia root-knot nematode). Soil alone or associated with plants must be free from *Helix aspersa* (European brown garden snail). Must originate from a nursery that has implemented a prevention system for European Brown Garden Snail (Helix aspersa*/*Cornu aspersum***) and has signed a compliance agreement (CA) with the local county agricultural commissioner's office to maintain a snail-free facility or snail-free holding area.

AD Required:

" The rooted plants in this consignment originate from an approved snail- free nursery, greenhouse or holding area, and were inspected and found to be free of European brown garden snail (*Helix aspersa* / *Cornu asperum*).**The plants in this shipment are certified as having been produced and prepared for export in accordance with the conditions of entry specified in Quarantine Directive 82-01 of February 1, 1982.** This shipment conforms to 7 CFR 301.92 which regulates the movement of nursery stock for ***Phytophthora ramorum*** from the states of California, Oregon and Washington.

SUBSIDIARY INFO – Reminder: As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at least list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border.

Phyto certificates must be issued within 14 days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures.

DATE – 3/25/10

COUNTRY – CANADA

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

APPROVED NAME – Canada

COMMODITY – Corn

BOTANICAL NAME – *Zea mays*

PRODUCT FORM – Vegetable

PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT – No

RESTRICTIONS – Unrestricted

SUMMARY INFO –

Sweet corn for consumption is unrestricted to all areas of Canada.

**Sweet corn for consumption to British Columbia – A Phyto is not required, but the shipment must be accompanied by a proof of origin certificate (Certificate of Origin, Confirmation of sale document, or Phytosanitary certificate without an AD.)

Origin of commodity must be clearly identified on the shipping documents.

Reminder: As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at east list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border.

SUBSIDIARY INFO -

Phyto certificates must be issued within **14** days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures. County and state of origin must be included on shipping documents.

COUNTRY – CANADA

DATE – 7/22/09

APPROVED NAME – Canada

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

COMMODITY – Garlic, Onions, Shallots, and Seeds

BOTANICAL NAME – *Allium sativum*, *Allium cepa*

PRODUCT FORM – Vegetables & Seed

PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT – No – Vegetables for consumption & Seed
Yes – for propagation

RESTRICTIONS – Unrestricted – Vegetables and seed
Prohibited – for propagation

SUMMARY INFO –

GARLIC & ONIONS – Vegetables & Seed –

- Bulbs are unrestricted for human consumption to all areas of Canada. Must be free of soil and pests. Bulbs packed in plastic, labeled bags and free from soil are unrestricted. Garlic and onion seeds are unrestricted. You may issue a Federal Phytosanitary Certificate upon request.

-TRANSPLANTS AND SETS FOR PROPAGATION – BAREROOT & SOIL FREE -

Import Permit and Federal Phytosanitary Certificate required. **DO NOT CERTIFY UNLESS IMPORT PERMIT IS PRESENTED.**

Rooted plant material must meet soil requirements for nematodes including *Heterodera glycines* (soybean cyst nematode), snails, *Popilia japonica* (Japanese beetle) and *Meloidogyne chitwoodi* (Columbia root-knot nematode)

Plant material must be free from *Sclerotium cepivorum* (white rot of onion), *Ditylenchus dipsaci* (Bulb and stem nematode).

Shipments of all types of nursery stock from the entire state of California destined to Canada must originate from a nursery that has implemented a prevention system for European Brown Garden Snail (*Helix aspersa/Cornu aspersum*) and has signed a compliance agreement (CA) with the local county agricultural commissioner's office to maintain a snail-free facility or snail-free holding area.

AD Required:

“The plants in this consignment are free of all growing media, soil and related matter. The plants in this consignment were inspected and found free of European brown garden snail (*Helix aspersa/ Cornu aspersum*). The plant material in this consignment is free from SCLEROTIUM CEPIVORUM and DITYLENCHUS DIPSACI. The plants in this shipment are certified as having been produced and prepared for export in accordance with the conditions of entry specified in Quarantine Directive 82-01 of February 1, 1982. The soil originated in an area in which, on the basis of official soil surveys, *Meloidogyne chitwoodi* does not occur.”

Phone the main office for information on transplants and sets with soil.

SUBSIDIARY INFO – Reminder: As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at least list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border.Phyto certificates must be issued within 14 days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures. County and state of origin must be included on shipping documents.

DATE – 6/14/13

COUNTRY – CANADA

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

APPROVED NAME – Canada

COMMODITY – Grapevines, plants and plant parts

BOTANICAL NAME – *Vitis vinifera*

PRODUCT FORM – Nursery stock (including plants, cuttings, scions, vines, budwood, & tissue cultured plants) PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT – Nursery Stock Yes RESTRICTIONS – Nursery Stock- Prohibited Fruit- No (certificate of Origin yes) Fruit-Restricted

- **Reminder:** As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at least list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border.

SUMMARY INFO –

NURSERY STOCK – PLANTS WITHOUT SOIL & PLANTS IN STERILE MEDIA:

– Import Permit and Federal Phytosanitary Certificate required. **DO NOT CERTIFY UNLESS AN IMPORT PERMIT IS PRESENTED.**

FRUIT:

ORIGINATING IN KERN COUNTY TO BRITISH COLOMBIA ONLY.

A Certificate of Origin is required. The certificate must indicate that the commodity was produced in a county of California where LBAM does not occur.

Produced or packed outside following quarantined areas in CA: Mendocino, Napa, Solano, and Sonoma No requirements for EGVM but must meet all requirements previously established by existing regulations. If produced or packed with in these areas please contact our office for further requirements.

FRUIT ORIGINATING IN KERN COUNTY TO THE REST OF CANADA

Produced or packed Outside following quarantined areas in CA: Mendocino, Napa, Solano, and Sonoma.

No requirements for EGVM but must meet all requirements previously established by existing regulations.

SUBSIDIARY INFO – Phyto certificates must be issued within **14** days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures. County and state of origin must be included on shipping documents.

DATE – 5/24/12
SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

COUNTRY – CANADA
APPROVED NAME – Canada

COMMODITY – Potatoes

BOTANICAL NAME – *Solanum tuberosum*

PRODUCT FORM – Vegetable

PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT – No, seed potatoes - Yes

RESTRICTIONS – Restricted
Seed Potatoes - Prohibited

SUMMARY INFO – From the states of CA, ID, WA- from Columbia root knot nematode non-infested areas within a regulated state can be exported into Canada under these conditions:

COMMERCIALY PACKAGED AND GRADED POTATOES for consumption -

Packaged potatoes are those that are commercially packed in standard packages of 50 pounds or less. Packages more than 50 pounds are considered bulk potatoes.

Only “US No 1” grade potatoes may be shipped to Canada.

A Federal Phytosanitary Certificate is required.

AD Required:

“Potatoes were grown in an area free of the Columbia root knot nematode (*Meloidogyne chitwoodi*) and potato rot nematode (*Ditylenchus destructor*); this declaration is made on the basis of official soil surveys”.

OR

A USDA “Certificate of Inspection for Canadian Destinations” (AMS Form FV-205) is required. The following statement as to origin must appear on the FV-205: **“Based on documentation, the potatoes in this shipment were grown in California.”**

Plus one of the following:

Must be treated with a sprout inhibitor. The following statement must appear on the AMS Form FV-205: **“Based on documentation, the potatoes in this shipment were treated with a sprout inhibitor.”** Canadian registered sprout inhibitors are Chlorpropham (CIPC), and Maleic Hydrazide (MH). CFIA will also accept essential oil as an approved sprout inhibition treatment. The treatment must be monitored/verified by AMS and the details of the treatment should be placed on the AMS inspection report.

Canada will allow an exemption to the sprout inhibitor requirement for potatoes harvested within 30 days of export and packed in bags of 50lbs or less. AMS Form FV-205 must state: **“Based on documentation, the potatoes in this shipment were packed in 50 lb containers within one month (30 days) of harvest.”**

Note: The AMS Form is issued by Agricultural Marketing Service

SEE NEXT PAGE:

Requirements for all Potatoes for processing or repacking:

A Federal Phytosanitary Certificate is required.

AD Required:

"Potatoes were grown in an area free of the Columbia root knot nematode (*Meloidogyne chitwoodi*) and potato rot nematode (*Ditylenchus destructor*); this declaration is made on the basis of official soil surveys".

OR

1. Import Permit is required
2. PPQ Form 540- A vehicle cleanliness certificate is required with the following AD: **"This carrier meets Canadian Plant Health cleanliness requirements"**.
3. A certificate of Origin is required(AMS Form FV-205: **"Based on documentation, the potatoes in this shipment were treated with a sprout inhibitor."**)
4. The importing facility must have been approved under a compliance agreement with CFIA prior to receiving any shipments

--All purple and blue skinned varieties of potatoes which are susceptible to potato wart disease (*Synchytrium endobioticum*) are prohibited entry into Newfoundland except the following varieties: AC Blue Pride, AD Domino, Blue Mac, and Brigus.

SEEDS

Phytosanitary Certificate is required.

Must be free of the following seed-transmitted diseases: Andean potato latent virus, Arracacha virus B (Oca strain), Potato spindle tuber viroid, Potato virus T, Potato yellowing virus, Tobacco ringspot virus (potato calico strain), and Tomato black ring virus.

Additional Declaration Required:

"The potato plants from which the seed was produced were free of seed-transmitted viruses and viroids."

SEED POTATOES (Field Grown):

Phytosanitary Certificate and Import Permit are required. **DO NOT CERTIFY unless an IP is presented.**

SEED POTATOES (Not Field Grown):

Phytosanitary Certificate and Import Permit are required. **DO NOT CERTIFY unless an IP is presented.** This includes in-vitro plantlets, micro-tubers, mini-tubers, cuttings

According to Canadian standards this material must be grown in a soilless medium in a protected environment (i.e., a greenhouse, screen house or growth chamber). When soil has been used to grow this material, requirements of field grown potatoes apply.

In-vitro plantlets, micro-tubers, mini-tubers, and cuttings must be of a variety registered in Canada. Where the importer applies for a Permit to Import potato material of a non-registered variety, indication must be given that the material is being imported either for experimental purposes or export production.

SUBSIDIARY INFO – Reminder: As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at least list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border. Phyto certificates must be issued within 14 days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures.

DATE – 1/10/14

COUNTRY – CANADA

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

APPROVED NAME – Canada

COMMODITY – Roses (plants bare root)

BOTANICAL NAME – *Rosa hybrida*,

PRODUCT FORM – Nursery Stock (plants)

PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT- No

RESTRICTIONS – Restricted

SUMMARY INFO – Bare root roses from Kern County CA-Phytosanitary certificate (PC) is required. The origin of plants must be clearly established on the shipping documents and the Phytosanitary Certificate must indicate state of origin, for example: Kern County, California. The plants must be free of soil and/or growing media. Origin must be in compliance with LBAM, EGVM, and Columbia root knot nematode. The Additional declaration is for plant(s) originating in Kern County.

AD REQUIRED:

This Shipment conforms to 7CFR301.92 which regulates the movement of nursery stock for Phytophthora ramorum from the states of California, Oregon, and Washington. The plants in this consignment are free of all growing media, soil, and/or related matter. The plants in this shipment are certified as having been produced and prepared for export in accordance with the conditions of entry specified in Quarantine Directive 82-01 of February 1, 1982. The plants in this consignment were inspected and found to be free of European brown garden snail (*Helix aspersa*/ *Cornuaspersum*).

NOTE: Plants with bamboo stakes or poles should be listed as a separate commodity on Phytosanitary Certificates. Specifically, Box 9 (Name of Produce and Quantity Declared), Box 10 (Botanical Name of Plants) and Box 13 (Place of Origin) should be filled out to reflect the presence of bamboo poles. If the bamboo stakes or poles are not of US origin, then Canada may require that we provide evidence that the bamboo was treated. Stakes or poles less than 1.5 cm in diameter are exempt from the treatment requirement.

Rooted Plants with Soil-Free Growing Media Imported Under the Growing Media Program (USGMP) **Do Not Certify unless an IP is presented.**

SUBSIDIARY INFO – Reminder: As of 06/06/2013 - all PC's issued to Canada must at least list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. When the state is not entered by the exporter, PCIT has a default of "USA" that will be listed on the PC. The default must be changed to include state of origin to avoid delays at the border.

Phyto certificates must be issued within **14** days of shipment. Certificates must be accurate and legible and have no alterations or erasures.

COUNTRY – CANADA

DATE – 5/06/14

SUMMARY REFERENCE - Same

APPROVED NAME – Canada

COMMODITY – Roses (plants rooted)

BOTANICAL NAME – *Rosa hybrida*

PRODUCT FORM – Nursery Stock (plants)

PHYTO FORM – Fed

IMPORT PERMIT- No

RESTRICTIONS – Restricted

SUMMARY INFO – [Rooted roses from Kern County CA](#)

- Federal phytosanitary certificate is required, also **must** meet the following requirements:

- Shipment **must** be free from SOD and brown garden snails.
- Rooted plant material **must** originate from a nursery that has implemented a prevention system and **must** have a signed compliance agreement with the local county agriculture commissioner's office to maintain a snail free facility or a snail free holding area
- The facility **must** also be on an approved shipping list to export nursery stock to Canada.

NOTE: Bare rooted plants are exempt from the compliance agreement and the approved shippers list. Shipments may be certified based on inspection.

AD Required:

The rooted plants in this consignment originate from an approved snail-free nursery, greenhouse or holding area, and were inspected and found to be free of European brown garden snail (*Helix aspersa/ Cornu aspersum*). The material was produced and prepared for export in accordance with the conditions of entry specified in Quarantine directive 82-01 of February 1, 1982. This shipment conforms to 7CFR 301.92 which regulates the movement of nursery stock from *Phytophthora ramorum* from the states of California, Oregon, and Washington.

NOTE: Plants with bamboo stakes or poles should be listed as a separate commodity on Phytosanitary Certificates. Specifically, Box 9 (Name of Produce and Quantity Declared), Box 10 (Botanical Name of Plants) and Box 13 (Place of Origin) should be filled out to reflect the presence of bamboo poles. If the bamboo stakes or poles are not of US origin, then Canada may require that we provide evidence that the bamboo was treated. Stakes or poles less than 1.5 cm in diameter are exempt from the treatment requirement.

Rooted Plants with Soil-Free Growing Media Imported under the Growing Media Program (USGMP) **Do Not Certify unless an IP is presented.**

SUBSIDIARY INFO –PC's issued to Canada **must** list the state of origin to avoid any rejections at the border. Phyto certificates must be issued within **14** days of shipment.